Annex 9

Activity 1: How much do you know about ethnic minorities?

Duration: 45 minutes

Arrangement:	Session 1	Quiz Game	In one group (all participants)
	Session 2	Snacks Tasting	In one group (all participants)
	Session 3	Learn to write words in minority languages	Individual

Sessions:

Duration	Content	Materials
15 minutes	Session 1 – Ouiz Game The quiz game is conducted by PowerPoint slide show. Teachers-in-charge will ask the participating teacher those questions. Candies will be awarded to the participants answering the question correctly. Teacher-in-charge will briefly explain the relevant information.	PowerPoint slides, candies
15 minutes	Select five kinds of snacks. Participating teachers should speak out its name and ingredients. Teacher-in-charge will show the answers. Participating teachers can taste the snacks after the game.	Five kinds of snacks, five description cards
15 minutes	Session 3 – Learn to write words in minority languages Each participating teacher will receive 3 cards printed with words in minority languages (e.g. Urdu, Hindi, etc.), a piece of paper and a pen. Teachers should learn to write the words once (e.g. Urdu, Hindi, Punjabi, etc.) and then share their feelings.	Cards printed with words in minority languages (e.g. one card with Urdu and Hindi words), one piece of paper and one pen

Session 1 Quiz Game (Question Paper)

1. Which of the following picture shows the food for Pakistanis?



Picture 1



Picture 2



Picture 3

2. What logo will be printed on the food packaging of Muslim food?

3. Which of the following picture shows the traditional costume in India?



Picture 1



Picture 2



Picture 3

- 4. Please name one of the items of Sikhism.
- 5. Which of the following is a Hindu festival? A – Eid al-Fitr B – Holi

C – Dashain

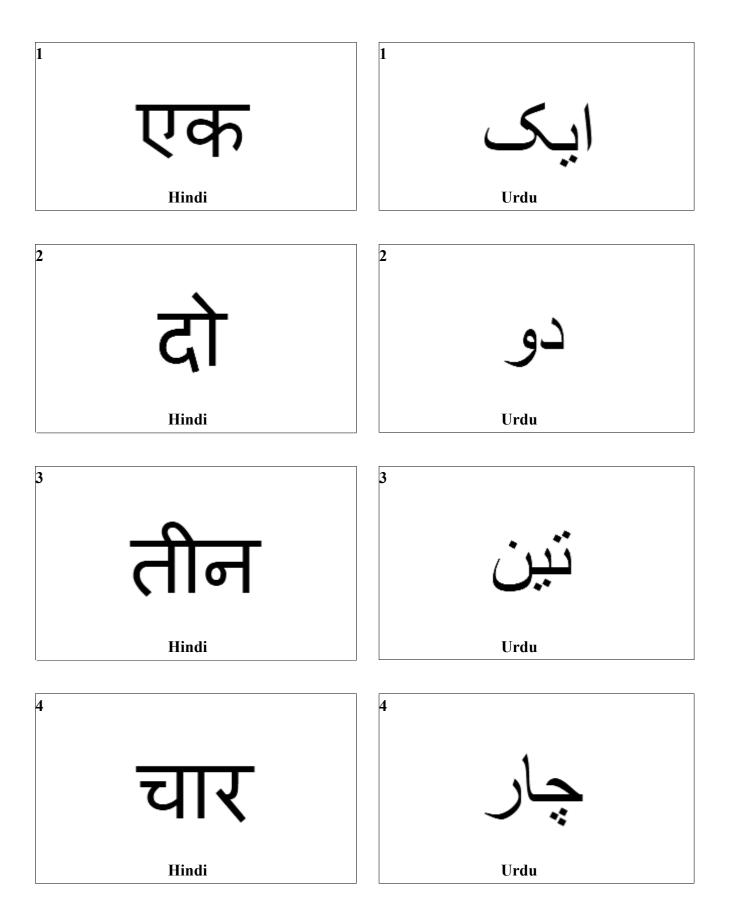
6. How to say "Hello" in Nepali and Urdu?

Question	Answer	Explanation
1.	Picture 2	Picture 1 Indian food – This is Thali, which includes rice, Naan, Indian peas, curry and dahi (yoghurt) Picture 2 Pakistani food – Lamb curry – Curry, spices, lamb Picture 3 Nepalese food – Momo – pork mince, and spices such as minced garlic and fennel seeds
2.	Halal	HALAL
3.	Picture 1	 Picture 1 Indian attire Women – Saree – Saree is only a garment that is around 1 metre wide and 5 to 6 meters long. Women usually wrap it around the waist, with one end drape over the shoulder across the chest and pin it. The way of wearing saree has also changed following the footsteps of social development. On the basis of traditional attire, a choli top and a petticoat named "lehenga" are worn. Men – Dhoti – Dohti is the most common clothing for Indian men. Dhoti is a 3 to 4 meters long white garment that wrapped around the waist and the legs. Ancient Indian men were shirtless with only a cloth draped on the shoulder or with a garment wrapped around the waist, with one end draped over the shoulder. It is called "Angavastram". Until today, this is still a popular way to dress the "Angavastram" in the rural area in India.
		Picture 2 Pakistani attire Shalwar trousers and kameez tunic – The Pakistani and Indian attires look quite similar. It is difficult for non-native people to distinguish between the Pakistani and Indian attires. Both Pakistani men and women usually dress in shalwar trousers and kameex tunic. "Shalwar kameez", which is a three pieces suit, is the national costume of Pakistan.
		Picture 3 Nepalese attire Nepal is a multiethnic country. People from different ethnicities dressed up differently with uniqueness. The Nepalese attire is similar to that of the Indians'. The national costume for men and saree for women is quite common in Nepal.

26221011	<u>Ouiz Game (Answer & Exp</u>	
4.	One of the following: • Kesh • Kangha • Kara • Katchera • Kirpan	 Kesh – In ancient time, the hair was a symbol of respect and virtue. Guru Nanak start the habit of keeping his hair uncut. It represents having the same faith as their God. Kangha – Tuck the kangha (comb) in the long hair. Since the Sikhs wear turban, the long hair and kangha are difficult to be seen. The use of kangha is to ensure that every Sikh keeps their hair clean. Kara – No matter men or women, young or old, all Sikhs would put on a gold or cast iron bangle. Steel bracelet is a
5.		 symbol of restraint and gentility. A – Eid al-Fitr is one of the three important festival for Islam. The Muslims will take a bath and put on their best clothes. They gather at the nearby mosque to offer prayers and then start their celebration. People will dress in their folk costume
	В	 and send gifts to each other. B – Holi is not only the spring festival of Hinduism, but also a national festival. It is another important festival in India other than Diwali.
		C - Dashain is the longest and the most auspicious festival in Nepal. Dashain commemorates a great victory of goddess Durga over the wicked demons Mahishasura. The festival, which runs from the new full until the full moon, lasting for 15 days, is a common festival for all the ethnic groups. There is a 7-day national holiday in Nepal during the festival.
6.	Nepali – NAMASTA ; Urdu – ASALUMWALAIKUM	_

Materials: Daily or festival snacks that can be bought at the grocery stores selling goods for ethnic minorities, e.g.:

Name of snacks	Description
Pokura	A fried snack made with vegetables, spices and flour
Samosa	A fried pastry with filling such as mashed potatoes, peas or chicken
Biscuits	Spiced biscuits
Span Papdi	Made with cake flour, ghee, sugar, milk and cardamom
Momo	A steamed snack made with pork mince, and spices such as minced garlic and fennel seeds
Gulab Jamun	Fried dough balls that soaked in rose water and syrup
Kesari	Made with cashews, raisin and Indian flour
Jalebi & Imarti	Both of them are in spiral shaped. Syrup is added after fried
Papadum	A thin, crisp, round flatbread from India. Made with black gram (Urad dal flour) dough and then fried or cooked with hot oil.
Panipuri	A wheat flour made snack stuffed with mashed potatoes and peas. Eat with Teekha Pani (green water).



² For more Hindi and Urdu words, you can refer to the website of *CKC Online Chinese Dictionary* developed by KC Centre for the Development of Information Technology in Chinese Teaching Process. (Link: <u>http://ckc.eduhk.hk/ckc2/dictionary.php?lang=b5</u>)



Activity 2: Decoder

Duration: 45 minutes

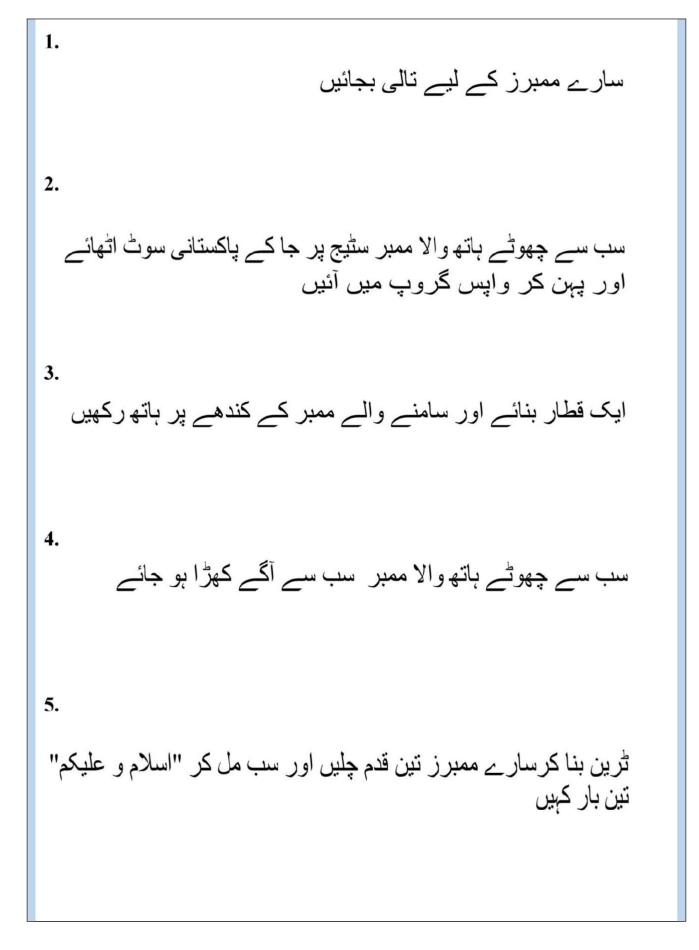
Arrangement: In groups of five

Sessions:

Duration	Content	Materials
35 minutes	 Prepare the password sheets with instructions (in sentences or paragraphs) in one of the minority languages (e.g. Urdu, Hindi, etc.), code cards (break the sentences/paragraphs into short sentences with English translation) and answer sheets. Explain the flow and rules of the game to the participating teachers. Five in a group. Each group will receive a password sheet and a code card. Teachers should try to decode the password by using the code card. Then finish the task by following instructions. Upon completion, answer sheet will be given to each group. Teachers will be able to understand the instructions. 	Password sheets (5 sets), code cards (5 sets), answer sheets (5 sets), South Asian costumes (5 sets)
10 minutes	 Debriefing 3. After the game, debrief with the participating teachers. How do you feel? How did you find the answer? Did you encounter any difficulties during the game? If yes, what were they? How did your group solve the problem(s)? When NCS students learn a non-native language, what difficulties will they encounter? How would they feel? As a teacher, how can you help them? Teachers can understand the difficulties encountered by the NCS students when learning Chinese by experiencing similar situation. 	

1. چھوٹے قد سے لے کر لمبے قد کے مطابق کھڑے ہو جائیں 2. سب سے چھوٹے قد والا ممبر سٹیج پر جا کے پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے اور پہن کر واپس گروپ میں آئیں 3. سب سے چھوٹے قد والے ممبر کے ارد گرد دائرہ بنائیں 4. چھوٹے قد والے ممبر کے علاوہ سب بیٹھ جائیں 5. سب مل کر "شکریہ" تین بار کہیں

1. دائر ہ بنائیں 2. ایک دوسرے کے ساتھ کندھے سے کندھا ملا کر کھڑے ہو جائیں 3. سب سے لمبے بالوں والا ممبر سٹیج پر جا کے پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے اور پېن کر واپس گروپ میں آئیں 4. ایک دوسرے کا ہاتھ پکڑیں اور سب سے لمبے بالوں والا ممبر درمیان میں کھڑا ہو جائے 5. سب مل کر "اسلام و علیکم" تین بار کہیں



1. ایک دوسرے کو شاباشی دیں 2. انگوٹھے کی سب سے بڑے ناخن والا ممبر سٹیج پر جا کے پاکستانی سوٹ الٹھائے اور پہن کر واپس گروپ میں آئیں 3. دو قطاریں بنائیں، ایک دوسرے کو دیکھیں، پائنر کا ہاتھ پکڑیں اور ایک سرنگ بنائے 4. سب سے بڑے ناخن والا ممبر سرنگ سے گزرے 5. سب مل کر "بہت اچھا" پانچ بار کہیں

1. سارے اپنے ہاتھ اوپر کریں 2. سب سے چھوٹے بازو والا ممبر سٹیج پر جا کے پاکستانی سوٹ الٹھائے اور یہن کر واپس گروپ میں آئیں 3. ایک قطار بنائے اور اپنے ساتھ والے ممبر کے کندھے پر اپنا ہاتھ رکھیں اور سٹیج کی طرف منہ کریں 4. سب سے چھوٹے بازو والا ممبر ٹیم کے بائیں طرف کھڑا ہو جائے اور سارے ممبرز اپنا سر بائیں طرف کریں 5. سب مل کر "بہت اچھا" چھ بار کہیں

together	queue up
سب مل کر	کھڑے ہو جائیں
according to the	height from the
قد کے مطابق	لے کر لمبے
shortest to the tallest	The shortest one
چھوٹے قد سے	گروپ میں آئیں
go on the stage	to take Pakistani suit,
اور پېن کر واپس	پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے
wear them and come	back to the group
والا ممبر سٹیج پر جا کے	سب سے چھوٹے قد

Form a circle	around the
گرد دائر مبنائیں	والے ممبر کے ارد
shortest person	Sit down
سب سے چھوٹے قد	سب بيله جائيں
except the	shortest person
ممبر کے علاوہ	چھوٹے قد والے
Say "Shukriya"	3 times
تین بار کہیں	اشکریہ"

Form a circle shape	Stand with
دائره بنائيں	ملاکر کھڑے ہو جائیں
others shoulder	by shoulder
کندھے سے کندھا	ایک دوسرے کے ساتھ
The one with longest	hair go on the stage
گروپ میں آئیں	اور پہن کر واپس
to take Pakistani suit,	wear them and
پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے	والا ممبر سٹیج پر جاکے
come back to the group	Hold hand in
سب سے لمبے بالوں	کھڑا ہو جائے

one with longest hand and the ممبر درمیان میں بالوں والا hair stand in the middle کڑیں اور سب سے ایک دوسرے کا ہاتہ "As-Salamu-Alaikum" Say "اسلام وعلد تین بار ک 3 times together مل کر

Give a big hand	to all members
لیے تالی بجائیں	سارے ممبرز کے
The one with	smallest hand go
گروپ میں آئیں	اور پہن کر واپس
on the stage to	take Pakistani suit,
پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے	سٹیج پر جاکے
wear them and come	back to the group
باته والا ممبر	سب سے چھوٹے
Make a line	and put hands
پر باته رکھیں	ممبر کے کندھے

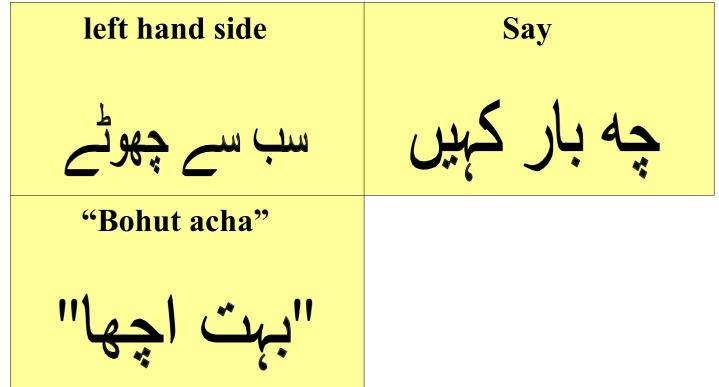
on the front	person's shoulder
اور سامنے والے	ایک قطار بنائے
The one with	smallest hand
آگے کھڑا ہو جائے	والا ممبر سب سے
stand in the front	Walk together
سب سے چھوٹے ہاته	تین بار کہیں
as a train with	3 steps & say
"اسلام و عليكم"	اور سب مل کر
"As-Salamu-Alaikum"	3 times together
ممبرز ٽين قدم چليں	ٹرین بنا کرسارے

Give a big thumb 5 times together شے دیں to all members The one with longest واپس گروپ میں آئیں دوسر ے کو nail of the thumb go on the stage اڻهائم اور پهن کر پاکستانی سوٹ to take Pakistani suit, wear them and come سے بڑے ناخن والا سٹیج پر جا Make 2 lines, back to the group انگوٹھے کی سب ایک سر نگ بنا

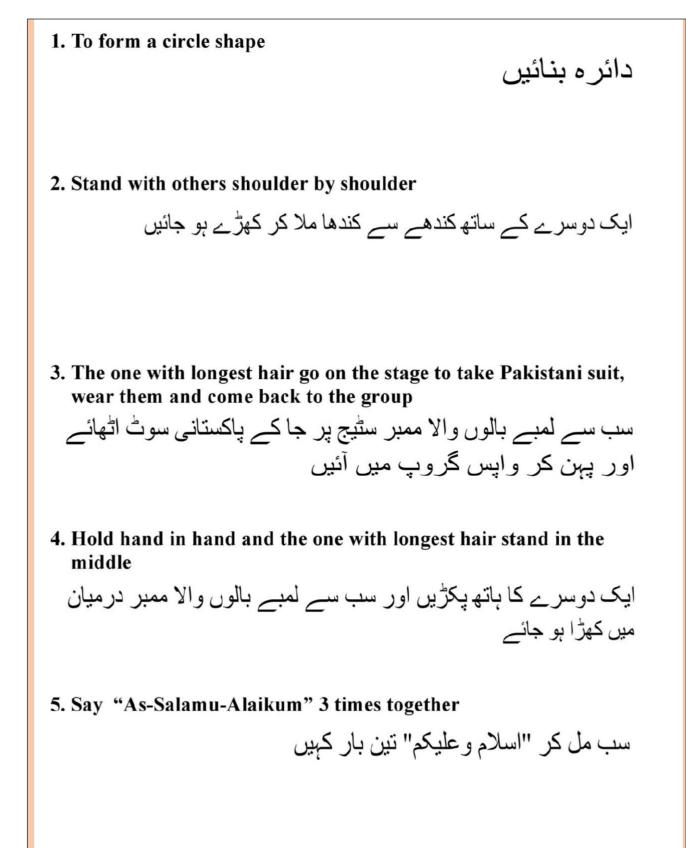


6 times together	Raise up
سب مل کر	باته اوپر كريں
all hands	The one with
سارے اپنے	گروپ میں آئیں
shortest arm go	on the stage to take
اور پہن کر واپس	پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے
Pakistani suit,	wear them and
سٹیج پر جاکے	بازو والا ممبر
come back to the group	Make 1 line,
سب سے چھوٹے	کی طرف منہ کریں

on member's shoulder put one hand باته رکھیں اور سڈ face to the stage next to you and The one with shortest arm stand on the left hand side of the team کھڑا ہو جائے رے ممبر 19 (14 and all member's head turn to the بازو والا ممبر



1. Queue up according to the height from the shortest to the tallest چھوٹے قد سے لے کر لمبے قد کے مطابق کھڑے ہو جائیں 2. The shortest one go on the stage to take Pakistani suit, wear them and come back to the group سب سے چھوٹے قد والا ممبر سٹیج پر جا کے پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے اور يہن کر وايس گروپ ميں آئيں 3. Form a circle around the shortest person سب سے چھوٹے قد والے ممبر کے ارد گرد دائرہ بنائیں 4. Sit down except the shortest person چھوٹے قد والے ممبر کے علاوہ سب بیٹھ جائیں 5. Say "Shukriya" 3 times together سب مل کر "شکریہ" تین بار کہیں



Answer Sheet [Group 3]

1. Give a big hand to all members

سارے ممبرز کے لیے تالی بجائیں

2. The one with smallest hand go on the stage to take Pakistani suit, wear them and come back to the group

سب سے چھوٹے ہاتھ والا ممبر سٹیج پر جا کے پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے اور پہن کر واپس گروپ میں آئیں

- Make a line & put hands on the front person's shoulder
 ایک قطار بنائے اور سامنے والے ممبر کے کندھے پر ہاتھ رکھیں
- 4. The one with smallest hand stand in the front

سب سے چھوٹے ہاتھ والا ممبر سب سے آگے کھڑا ہو جائے

5. Walk together as a train with 3 steps & say "As-Salamu-Alaikum" 3 times together

ٹرین بنا کرسارے ممبرز تین قدم چلیں اور سب مل کر "اسلام و علیکم" تین بار کہیں 1. Give a big thumb to all members

ایک دو سرے کو شاباشی دیں

2. The one with longest nail of the thumb go on the stage to take Pakistani suit, wear them and come back to the group

انگوٹھے کی سب سے بڑے ناخن والا ممبر سٹیج پر جا کے پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے اور پہن کر واپس گروپ میں آئیں

3. Make 2 lines, face each other, hold hands with partner and make a tunnel

4. The one with longest nail walk through the tunnel

سب سے بڑے ناخن والا ممبر سرنگ سے گزرے

5. Say "Bohut acha" 5 times together

سب مل کر "بہت اچھا" پانچ بار کہیں

1. Raise up all hands

سارے اپنے ہاتھ اوپر کریں

2. The one with shortest arm go on the stage to take Pakistani suit, wear them and come back to the group

سب سے چھوٹے بازو والا ممبر سٹیج پر جا کے پاکستانی سوٹ اٹھائے اور پہن کر واپس گروپ میں آئیں

3. Make 1 line, put one hand on member's shoulder next to you and face to the stage

ایک قطار بنائے اور اپنے ساتھ والے ممبر کے کندھے پر اپنا ہاتھ رکھیں اور سٹیج کی طرف منہ کریں

4. The one with shortest arm stand on the left hand side of the team and all member's head turn to the left hand side

5. Say "Bohut acha" 6 times together

سب مل کر "بہت اچھا" چھ بار کہیں